

TROPPO

MADELAINE DICKIE ISBN (PB): 9781925163803 YEAR LEVEL: Y11+ CROSS-CURRICULUM PRIORITY: Asia and Australia's engagement with Asia; Sustainability

ABOUT THE BOOK

Black magic, big waves and mad Aussie expats.

In Indonesia, Penny is drifting, partying, hanging out – a thousand miles away from claustrophobic Perth and her career-minded boyfriend. But things take a dangerous turn when she goes to work at Shane's Sumatran Oasis. Caught up in the hostility directed at Shane, and flirting and surfing with the hell-man Matt, Penny soon finds herself swept into a world where two very different cultures must collide.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Madelaine Dickie studied Creative Arts and Journalism at the University of Wollongong. In 2011 she received a Prime Minister's Australia Asia Endeavour Award to move to West Java, Indonesia, and complete her first novel. As part of this award, she worked with mentors at Universitas Padjadjaran and Universitas Islam Bandung. Her writing has appeared in numerous publications including *GriffithREVIEW* (2013), the American journal *Creative Nonfiction* (2012) and *Hecate* (2010). Her radio stories have been broadcast on Radio National and she also writes and rides for the surfboard company Treehouse Landscapes and Handshapes.

THEMES

- Travel and tourism
- Indonesian culture
- Multiculturalism
- Exploitation
- Racism
- Poverty
- Corruption
- The rise of fundamental Islam in Indonesia
- Surfing
- Religion and spirituality
- · Australia's relationship with Indonesia and Indonesians

AUSTRALIAN CURRICULUM OUTCOMES

Y11–12 English Y11–12 Literature Y11–12 Modern History Y11–12 WACE Language study: Indonesian Y11–12 WACE Religion and Life Y11–12 WACE Philosophy and Ethics

USEFUL WEBSITES

- Author's website: http://www.madelainedickie.com
- Author's Instagram: https://www.instagram.com/madelainetroppo





CLASSROOM IDEAS

Discussion questions

- 1. What is your first impression of the narrator, Penny? Her boyfriend claims she has '*no goals, no drive*'. (p. 217) Do you think it is fair to assume that Penny does not have any goals? What do her passions, motivations and dreams appear to be?
- 2. *I am certain Matt's a hell-man, one of those characters who'll be talked about across the archipelago for years to come.* (p. 143) What is a 'hell-man'? Use five adjectives to describe the character Matt (provide examples from the text in which he demonstrates these characteristics).
- 3. How does the author build suspense (and a sense of foreboding) prior to the introduction of the character Shane? What is your reaction upon meeting him?
- 4. Compare and contrast the beliefs, values and attitudes displayed by the following individuals in the novel: Penny, Josh, Ibu Ayu, Matt, Shane, Kristi, Cahyati, Franz, Adalie, Marika, Rick.
- 5. What does the phrase 'gone troppo' mean? Why do you think 'Troppo' was chosen as the title?
- 6. Troppo is set two years after the Bali bombings, a year after the bombing outside the JW Marriott Hotel, and two months after the bombing of the Australian embassy in Jakarta (Interview with Madelaine Dickie). Why do you think a knowledge of context is important when reading this book?
 - a. What is Jemaah Islamiyah?
 - b. How is the rise of fundamental Islam in Indonesia depicted in this novel?
 - c. 'Me personally? I think mosque, church, temple, this is Indonesia, ya? Many people, many religions, why not?' (p. 181) What do you think are some of the biggest challenges for multicultural societies such as those found in Indonesia and Australia?
- 7. Using a Venn diagram, brainstorm ways in which Indonesian culture is represented as being both similar and different to Australian culture throughout *Troppo* (e.g. female dress codes).
- 8. Create a definition for the term 'intercultural understanding'. Why is it important to cultivate mutual respect between different cultures? Which characters in the novel display this respect? Which do not? Find examples to support your claims.
- 9. Is this what it takes, to soften indoctrination in the hearts of radicals, to remember our shared humanity? (p. 258) Why do you think it can take a tragedy for people to set aside their differences?
- 10. Should a tsunami hit Batu Batur, would Shane be out there with his neighbours, clearing the debris, lifting bodies out of the mud? (p. 258) Answer Penny's question, using your knowledge of the character Shane so far.
- 11. How is the character Penny similar/different at the beginning and end of the novel? Which experiences do you think have prompted her growth? After reading *Troppo*, did you personally reconsider any of your own beliefs or attitudes? Write a 500-word reflection.

Debate

In teams of four, have students debate for/against the validity of the following claims/issues raised in the book.

- 1. Do dollars speak louder than religion? (p. 169)
- 2. Power, not politics, is the art of controlling your environment. (p. 174)
- 3. As long as corruption continues politically, as long as poverty continues socially, these Islamic groups will get stronger and stronger. (p. 176)
- 4. The mayor of Padang is trying to make a new rule. He wants Christian girls to wear headscarves to school. (p. 181)
- 5. I'm thinking that consumerism, modernity, must be slowly eroding culture, and wonder if it will also erode religion. (p. 195)
- 6. It's not really our place to change it. We don't live here. It's not our culture. (p. 101)

Essay questions

- 1. How does Madelaine Dickie construct the relationship of Australians to Indonesia and Indonesians in *Troppo*?
- 2. 'Australians think they own Bali!' (p. 252) Critically analyse explorations of inequality and exploitation in *Troppo*.
- 3. Compare and contrast representations of masculinity and femininity as embodied by two or more characters in *Troppo*.

- 4. It's funny, you always think of the other as being in relation to yourself. You never imagine that you could be that other. (p. 42) How does the process of 'othering' impact upon each of the central characters in *Troppo*?
- 5. *I understand him; understand the discord of dual belonging*. (p. 46) How do each of the characters struggle with the issues of personal and cultural identity, belonging and tolerance?
- 6. How does Madelaine Dickie use symbolism in her construction of the setting? In what ways is the setting representative of the characters that inhabit it?
- 7. Critically analyse the representation of one or more of the following themes in *Troppo*: racism, multiculturalism, poverty, corruption, spirituality.

Creative writing

- 1. Using one of the following quotes as inspiration, create a short story of 1000–2000 words.
 - a. There's something intoxicating about living in extreme places, among extreme people. You never, for a moment, forget that you are alive. (p. 255)
 - b. Moral reluctance battles curiosity. Curiosity wins. (p. 143)
- 2. Madelaine Dickie says, The texture of Troppo is very true, the intoxicating smell of kretek cigarettes, the nights bleary on Bintang beer, and the way the call to prayer from the mosques drift down through mountain valleys. When writing your own short story for your chosen prompt above, experiment with creating imagery incorporating the five senses: visual (sight), auditory (sound), kinaesthetic (touch), olfactory (smell) and gustatory (taste), to create a powerful atmosphere and sense of place.

INTERVIEW WITH THE AUTHOR

Troppo is a book that explores the relationship of Australians to Indonesia and Indonesians. Was this one of your motivations in writing the novel?

I've spent a lot of time travelling and living in Indonesia and wanted to articulate the allure, the charm, what it is that keeps pulling me, and so many other Australians, back to Indonesia. I also wanted to write something mythic about surfing in Indonesia. I wanted to write about the hell men who surf heaving reefs alone, about waxing your board with the first call to prayer from the mosque, about the grizzled old surfers, who, with a certain amount of beer, might talk in low voices about black magic. They might tell you that one night, in a lonely seaside losmen, they were strangled awake by something not seen, only felt. Mythic, of a time that's swiftly disappearing, or has disappeared.

Why did you choose to set Troppo at the end of 2004? Do you think that the Australian–Indonesian relationship has changed in the last decade?

I hoped that by writing *Troppo* I'd be able to extract Indonesia from my heart, from under my skin. Wouldn't feel so obsessively drawn back. It hasn't worked. Every time I land in Bali, take that first breath of humid, incense-soft air, I break into goosebumps. Every time I travel somewhere else, I find myself comparing the place to Indo. Dominican Republic? Surf's way more fickle than in Indo. Panama? Food's nowhere as good as in Indo. Namibia? The people are so aloof – nothing like the Indos!

Is it fair to say that some elements of Troppo are autobiographical? In what way did this book stem from your own experiences as a traveller and surfer?

Some of the anecdotes are almost true, certainly stemming from my own experiences as a traveller and surfer. In Sumatra, I heard of a body boarder from the Canary Islands who scraped her nipples off surfing a slab; this happens in my book to the Kiwi. The texture of *Troppo* is also very true, the intoxicating smell of kretek cigarettes, the nights bleary on Bintang beer, and the way the call to prayer from the mosques drift down through mountain valleys. This said, the characters are entirely fictional, and were you to search for Batu Batur along the coastline of mainland Sumatra, you wouldn't find it.

Dare I ask whether Shane is based on a real individual?

Shane's a composite of several mongrel expats I met in Tonga, Vanuatu, Mozambique and Indonesia. He also has a few characteristics and stories stolen from people I like very much!

What impact has winning the City of Fremantle T.A.G. Hungerford Award had on your writing career?

Now that I've got a book published, I can tell people, without shame: I'm a writer.

What is next for Madelaine Dickie?

I've just moved to Wyndham, in the far north of Western Australia. I'm living in an open-air house and the view from my writing desk is of a mudflat. The Cambridge Gulf and Balangarra country stretches beyond the mangroves. The mozzies are bad, and in March this year, the temperature hit forty degrees Celsius by 11 am every day. There's also not much happening in Wyndham – the abattoir has shut down, the croc farm has shut down, and the pub has just shut down. Still, it's so austerely beautiful, and I get a wild thrill thinking about the potential stories here ... So far it's been a great place to work on my next book!

GLOSSARY FOR THE BOOK

ada apa? ada orang gila ada perempuan di atas	what's the matter? there is a crazy person there's a woman up there
ada susu	is there milk?
aduh	oh no!
alis mata	eyebrows
ambil itu	take it
angin	wind
anjing	dog
apa lagi?	what else?
arak	any of various spirits distilled in certain Arab and Asian countries
	from toddy, rice, molasses, or other materials
ayo	let's go
ayo pulang	let's go home
bajingan	bastard
bak mandi	a tub used to hold water for bathing
bakso	bowl of meatball soup
banyak duit	lots of money
bapak, pak	father (honorific term)
becak	pedicab
bebas	free
begini ya	it's like this
begitulah saja	that's just how it is
bencong	ladyboy
berapa	how many / how much
bihun goreng	fried vermicelli noodles
bisa	you can
bisa saya bantu?	can I help you?
bodoh	stupid, idiot
bodoh banget	really stupid
boleh makan dulu?	can we eat first?
boleh minta	may I have
bu	honorific term for a married female
buat semua?	for everyone?
bukan	no, not
bukalah pintu ini	open this door



GLOSSARY FOR THE BOOK (CONTINUED)

bule Cahyati mau pulang kampung cepat! dan dangdut dari mana? dimana dingin dokar dua kopi hitam dua ribu duduk dukun enak 'gak [nggak] begitu 'gitu hantu hati-hati ibu ilmu iva jadi siapa? jalan-jalan jam karet jangan nakal kain ikat kain songket kaki lima kan kamar mandi kan? kasih ke saya keagamaan apa? kebaya keluar ke mana kecantikan kenapa? kenapa kamu disini? kenapa kesana? kerupuk kok mahal? kok ribut sekali? kopi hitam kretek kris kamu oke kasihtahu aja, ya, kalau mau bantuan kenapa kamu nggak mau sarapan? lagi laki-laki lebih baik lewat sini lima minut lagi losmen

foreigner, particularly Caucasian Cahyati wants to go home to the village fast! and a genre of Indonesian music where are you from? where cold horse-drawn cart two black coffees two thousand sit shaman tastv not really, not like that really, like that; short for begitu ghosts caution, be careful mother science ves so who ? stroll rubber time don't be naughty cloth belt a kind of woven fabric, silk or cotton food cart right? bathroom right? give it to me (slang) what is your religion? blouse get outside where? beauty why? why are you here? why there? crackers why is it so expensive? how come it's so noisy? black coffee Indonesian clove cigarette short sword or dagger with wavy blade you okay? let me know, yeah, if you want help why you don't want breakfast? again, more boy, male better this way five more minutes budget accommodation



GLOSSARY FOR THE BOOK (CONTINUED)

madrasah maaf maaf sekali maaf ya malam ini mandi lagi masak! masih lama? mau apa mau ke mana? mau kopi? mau minum apa mau pisang goreng mie goreng nakal nasi campur nasi goreng nasi goreng ayam nenek nggak nggak apa ojek oleh-oleh orang orang gila orang lain pacarmu masih di kampung? pagi bu pagi pagi benar pak pasar permisi pisang goreng punya berapa saudara? pusing rokok rumah makan salak sakit sayang selamat sore sebentar sekarang, yuk sendirian siang silahkan masuk SMP, sekolah menengah pertama SMA, sekolah menengah atas sore sudah sudah bisa berbahasa Indonesia? sudah diminum sudah mandi? sudah nyampai sudah pintar

college for Islamic instruction sorry [l'm] so sorry sorry, yeah tonight wash again! no way!, really? (slang) will it still be a while? what do you want? where are you going? do you want coffee? what do you want to drink? do you want banana fritters? fried noodles naughty a scoop of rice accompanied by small portions of meat/vegetables fried rice chicken fried rice grandmother no (slang) no worries motorcycle taxi souvenir person crazy person other people, outsider, not from here your boyfriend is still in the village? morning, madam early in the morning sir market excuse me fried banana fritters how many siblings do you have? dizzy, headache cigarette restaurant snakefruit sick sweetheart, honey good afternoon moment now, let's go alone good day please come in junior secondary school senior secondary school good afternoon already, done can you speak Indonesian? already drunk have you had a wash? [we're] here (slang)

already clever



GLOSSARY FOR THE BOOK (CONTINUED)

taat
teh dulu
tempe
tempat tidur terpisah
tentu saja
terlambat
wartel
warung
wayang golek
yuk

obedient tea first fermented bean curd separate beds of course late manned phone booth; short for *warung telepon* small shop / stall wooden stick puppets let's go (slang)

